Applied Geography and Geoinformatics (COQP02)

Syllabus for Applied Geography and Geoinformatics (COQP02)

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Note:

- *i.* The Question Paper which will have 75 questions.
- *ii.* All questions will be based on Subject-Specific Knowledge.
- *iii.* All questions are compulsory.
- iv. The Questions will be Bilingual (English/Hindi).

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Human Geography

- 1. Definition, Nature, Major Subfields, Contemporary Relevance.
- 2. Space and Society: Cultural Regions; Race; Religion and Language
- 3. Population: Population Growth and Demographic Transition Theory.
- 4. World Population Distribution and Composition (Age, Gender and Literacy).
- 5. Settlements: Types and Patterns of Rural Settlements; Classification of Urban Settlements; Trends and Patterns of World Urbanization.

General Cartography

- 1. Maps Types, Elements and Uses
- 2. Map Scale Types and Application, Reading Distances on a Map.
- 3. Map Projections Criteria for Choice of Projections; Attributes and Properties of: Zenithal Gnomonic Polar Case, Zenithal Stereographic Polar Case, Cylindrical Equal Area, Mercator's Projection, Conical Projection with Two Standard Parallel, Bonne's Projection.
- 4. Representation of Data Symbols, Dots, Choropleth, Isopleth and Flow Diagrams, Interpretation of Thematic Maps.

Environmental Geography:

- 1. Concepts and Approaches; Ecosystem Concept and Structure; Ecosystem Functions.
- 2. Human-Environment Relationship in Equatorial, Desert, Mountain and Coastal Regions.
- 3. Environmental Problems and Management: Air Pollution; Biodiversity Loss; Solid and Liquid Waste.
- 4. Environmental Programmes and Policies: Developed Countries; Developing Countries.
- 5. New Environmental Policy of India; Government Initiatives.

Geography of India

- 1. Physical Setting Location, Structure and Relief, Drainage, Climate.
- 2. Population Size and Growth since 1901, Population Distribution, Literacy, Sex Ratio.
- 3. Settlement System Rural Settlement Types and Patterns, Urban Pattern.
- 4. Resource Base Livestock (cattle and fisheries), Power (coal, and hydroelectricity), Minerals (iron ore and bauxite).
- Economy Agriculture (Rice, Wheat, Sugarcane, Groundnut, Cotton); Industries (Cotton Textile, Iron- Steel, Automobile), Transportation Modes (Road and Rail).

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Economic Geography

- 1. Definition, Approaches and Fundamental Concepts of Economic Geography; Patterns of Development.
- 2. Locational Theories Agriculture (Von Thunen) and Industrial (Weber).
- 3. Primary Activities Intensive Subsistence Farming, Commercial Grain Farming, Plantation, Commercial Dairy Farming, Commercial Fishing, and Mining (iron ore, coal and petroleum).
- 4. Secondary Activities Cotton Textile Industry, Petro-Chemical Industry, MajorManufacturing Regions.
- 5. Tertiary and Quaternary Activities Modes of Transportation, Patterns ofInternational Trade, and Information and Communication Technology Industry.

Disaster Management

- 1. Hazards, Risk, Vulnerability and Disasters: Definition and Concepts.
- 2. Disasters in India: (a) Causes, Impact, Distribution and Mapping: Flood, Landslide, Drought.
- 3. Disasters in India: (b) Causes, Impact, Distribution and Mapping: Earthquake, Tsunami and Cyclone.
- 4. Human induced disasters: Causes, Impact, Distribution and Mapping.
- 5. Response and Mitigation to Disasters: Mitigation and Preparedness, NDMA and NIDM; Indigenous Knowledge and Community-Based Disaster Management; Do's and Don'ts During Disasters

Geography of Tourism

- 1. Concepts, Nature and Scope; Inter-Relationships of Tourism, Recreation and Leisure; Geographical Parameters of Tourism by Robinson.
- 2. Type of Tourism: Nature Tourism, Cultural Tourism, Medical Tourism, Pilgrimage
- 3. Recent Trends of Tourism: International and Regional; Domestic (India); Eco-Tourism, Sustainable Tourism, Meetings, Incentives, Conventions and Exhibitions (MICE)
- 4. Impact of Tourism: Economy; Environment; Society
- 5. Tourism in India: Tourism Infrastructure; Case Studies of Himalaya, Desertand Coastal and Heritage; National Tourism Policy

Sustainability and Development

- 1. Sustainability: Definition, Components and Sustainability for Development.
- 2. The Millennium Development Goals: National Strategies and International Experiences
- 3. Sustainable Development: Need and examples from different Ecosystems.
- 4. Inclusive Development: Education, Health; Climate Change: The role of higher education in sustainability; The human right to health; Poverty and disease; Sustainable Livelihood Model; Policies and Global Cooperation for Climate Change
- 5. Sustainable Development Policies and Programmes: Rio+20; Goal-Based Development; Financing for Sustainable Development; Principles of Good Governance; National Environmental Policy, CDM.