Food Engineering and Technology (MTQP06)

# Syllabus for Food Engineering and Technology (MTQP06)

## Food Engineering and Technology (MTQP06)

#### Note:

- *i.* The Question Paper which will have 75 questions.
- *ii.* All questions will be based on Subject-Specific Knowledge.
- *iii.* All questions are compulsory.
- iv. The Question paper will be in English.

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#### Section 1: Food Chemistry and Nutrition

**Carbohydrates**: Structure and functional properties of mono-, oligo-, & poly- saccharides includingstarch, cellulose, pectic substances and dietary fiber, gelatinization and retro gradation of starch.

**Proteins**: Classification and structure of proteins in food, biochemical changes in postmortem and tenderization of muscles.

Lipids: Classification and structure of lipids, rancidity, polymerization and polymorphism.

Pigments: Carotenoids, chlorophylls, anthocyanins, tannins and myoglobin.

Food flavors: Terpenes, esters, aldehydes, ketones and quinines.

Enzymes: Specificity, simple and inhibition kinetics, coenzymes, enzymatic and non- enzymatic browning.

**Nutrition**: Balanced diet, essential amino acids and essential fatty acids, protein efficiency ratio, water soluble and fat-soluble vitamins, role of minerals in nutrition, co-factors, anti-nutrients, nutraceuticals, nutrient deficiency diseases.

Chemical and biochemical changes: Changes occur in foods during different processing.

#### Section 2: Food Microbiology

**Characteristics of microorganisms**: Morphology of bacteria, yeast, mold and actinomycetes, spores and vegetative cells, gram-staining. Microbial growth: growth and death kinetics, serial dilution technique.

**Food spoilage**: Spoilage microorganisms in different food products including milk, fish, meat, egg, cereals and their products.

**Toxins from microbes**: Pathogens and non-pathogens including Staphylococcus, Salmonella, Shigella, Escherichia, Bacillus, Clostridium, and Aspergillus genera. Fermented foods and beverages: curd, yoghurt, cheese, pickles, soya-sauce, sauerkraut, idli, dosa, vinegar, alcoholic beverages and sausage.

#### Section 3: Food Products Technology

**Processing principles**: Thermal processing, chilling, freezing, dehydration, addition of preservatives and food additives, irradiation, fermentation, hurdle technology, intermediate moisture foods.

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Food packaging and storage: Packaging materials, aseptic packaging, controlled and modified atmosphere storage.

**Cereal processing and products**: Milling of rice, wheat, and maize, parboiling of paddy, bread, biscuits, extruded products and ready to eat breakfast cereals.

Oil processing: Expelling, solvent extraction, refining and hydrogenation.

**Fruits and vegetables processing**: extraction, clarification, concentration and packaging of fruit juice, jam, jelly, marmalade, squash, candies, tomato sauce, ketchup, and puree, potato chips, pickles. Plantation crops processing and products: tea, coffee, cocoa, spice, extraction of essential oils andoleoresins from spices.

Milk and milk products processing: Pasteurization and sterilization, cream, butter, ghee, ice- cream, cheese and milk powder.

**Processing of animal products**: Drying, canning, and freezing of fish and meat; production of egg powder.

Waste utilization: Pectin from fruit wastes, uses of by-products from rice milling.

Food standards and quality maintenance: FPO, PFA, Agmark, ISI, HACCP, food plant sanitation and cleaning in place (CIP)

#### Section 4: Food Engineering

**Mass and energy balance; Momentum transfer**: Flow rate and pressure drop relationships for Newtonian fluids flowing through pipe, Reynolds number.

Heat transfer: Heat transfer by conduction, convection, radiation, heat exchangers.

Mass transfer: Molecular diffusion and Fick's law, conduction and convective mass transfer, permeability through singleand multilayer films.

**Mechanical operations**: Size reduction of solids, high pressure homogenization, filtration, centrifugation, settling, sieving, mixing & agitation of liquid.

**Thermal operations**: Thermal sterilization, evaporation of liquid foods, hot air drying of solids, spray and freeze-drying, freezing and crystallization.

Mass transfer operations: Psychometry, humidification and dehumidification operations.